XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED

30 JUNE 2011



I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements, which are set out on page 4 to 52, in terms of Section 126(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality.

I certify that the salaries, allowances and benefits of Councillors as disclosed in note 17 of these annual financial statements are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

. Mkhwane (Mr.) **Municipal Manager**

Date

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Country of incorporation and domicile	Republic of South Africa
Nature of operations and principal activities	Administering and making rules of the district, which includes Kopanong Local Municipality, Letsemeng Local Municipality and Mohokare Local Municipality.
Legal form	An organ of state within the local sphere of government exercising legislative and executive authority.
Jurisdiction of entity	Area DC16, a district municipality, as demarcated by the Demarcation Board and indicated in the demarcation map.
Grading of the Municipality	Low Capacity
Mayor	Cllr M Ntwanambi
Councillors and their portfolios	Speaker: Clir AM Shasha Clir MJ Sehanka - Inaugurated 6 June 2011 Members of Mayoral Committee: Clir M Ntwanambi Clir T Reachable Clir T Reachable Clir KE Diomo Clir V Mona Clir V Mona Clir MG Modise - Inaugurated 6 June 2011 Clir V Mona - Inaugurated 6 June 2011 Clir I Mehlomakhulu - Inaugurated 6 June 2011
	Clir NB Shiya Clir BS Majenge Clir RJ Thuhlo Clir MA Kwinani Clir MJ Ralitihare Clir AJ Van Rensburg

Cllr M Du Toit

Inaugurated 6 June 2011

Cllr P Dibe Cllr NS Jafta Cllr MM Khotlele Cllr MJ Mohapi Cllr MJ Mphore Cllr JJ Makitle Cllr SA Sola Cllr NC Spochter Cllr H Shebe Cllr AJ Van Rensburg

Registered address

20 Louw Street Trompsburg 9913

P.O. Box 136

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

GENERAL INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Postal address

	Trompsburg 9913
Bankers Auditors	ABSA Bank The Office of the Auditor-General: Free State
Municipal Manager	TL Mkhwane
Chief Financial Officer	CT Panyani
Relevant Legislation	The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa The Municipal Structures Act, No.117 of 1998 The Municipal Systems Act, No. 32 of 2000 The Municipal Finance Management Act, No. 56 of 2003 The Basic Conditions of Employement Act 75 of 1997 The VAT Act 89 of 1991 The Skills Development Act 9 of 1999 The Division of Revenue Act 1 of 2007

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2011

	Note	2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
ASSETS			
Current assets	ŕ	16 679 215	11 759 123
Cash and cash equivalents	1	6 390 149	6 013 417
Trade receivables from exchange transactions	2	2 224 968	861 354
Other receivables from exchange transactions	3	6 147 828	3 772 821
Inventory	4	-	-
Current portion of non-current receivables	5	-	-
VAT receivable	9	1 916 270	1 111 531
Non-current assets		20 851 779	18 024 741
Non-current receivables	5	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	6	20 311 603	17 484 565
Intangible assets	7	540 176	540 176
	L		
Total Assets		37 530 994	29 783 864
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities		5 434 253	5 730 902
Trade and other payables from exchange transactions	8	4 368 780	4 203 825
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	10	667 526	1 272 560
Current portion of finance lease liabilities	10	397 947	254 517
Non-current liabilities			
Non-current finance lease liability	11	362 289	760 193
Total Liabilities		5 796 542	6 491 095
NET ASSETS		31 734 452	23 292 769
NET ASSETS			
Accumulated Surplus		31 734 452	23 292 769

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

	Notes	2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
REVENUE	F	45 264 547	26 043 659
Rental income	12	290 957	224 661
Interest earned	13	382 910	927 464
Gain on disposal of assets	14	-	62 603
Government grants and subsidies	15	44 574 270	24 824 459
Other income		16 410	4 472
EXPENDITURE	-	36 822 864	29 844 611
Employee related costs	16	19 206 915	14 821 133
Remuneration of Councillors	17	2 625 754	2 385 759
Bad debts and impairment of debtors movement		(659 603)	364 809
Depreciation and amortisation expense	18	-	-
Repairs and maintenance	19	1 989 813	1 920 532
Finance costs	20	457 045	121 746
Loss on disposal of assets	14	45 220	-
General expenses	22	13 157 720	10 230 632
(DEFICIT)/SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		8 441 683	(3 800 952)

Refer to Appendix E for the comparison with the approved budget

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

	Note	Accumulated Surplus	TOTAL
		R	R
Restated balance at 30 June 2009		27 034 508	27 034 508
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(3 800 952)	(3 800 952)
Correction of prior period errors	27.1	(26 754)	(26 754)
Correction of prior period errors	27.2	85 967	85 967
Restated Balance at 30 June 2010		23 292 769	23 292 769
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		8 441 683	8 441 683
Balance at 30 June 2011		31 734 452	31 734 452

	Notes	2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash receipts from ratepayers, government and others Cash paid to suppliers and employees	24 25	40 235 849 (36 760 678)	23 167 923 (26 241 500)
Cash generated from / (required by) operating activities	26	6 108 805	(3 073 667)
Interest received		382 910	927 464
Finance costs		(457 045)	(121 746)
Net cash flows from operating activities	-	6 034 670	(2 267 949)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(5 609 562)	(3 358 843)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		778 504	238 545
Purchase of intangible assets		-	131 579
Decrease/(increase) in non-current receivables		-	-
Net cash flows from investing activities	-	(4 831 058)	(2 988 719)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase /(Decrease) in finance lease liabilities		(254 474)	1 094 536
Repayment of finance lease liabilities		(572 406)	(301 800)
Net cash flows from financing activities	-	(826 880)	792 736
Net increase/(decrease) in net cash and cash	1		
equivalents	_	376 732	(4 463 932)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	-	6 013 417	10 477 349
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1	6 390 149	6 013 417

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

1.1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention unless specified otherwise.

These annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP), including any interpretations, guidelines and directives, issued by the Accounting Standards Board in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003). The applied Standards of GRAP eminate from Directive 5 "Determining the GRAP Reporting Framework", issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

Accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions not covered by the above GRAP Standards have been developed in accordance with paragrap 7, 11 and 12 of GRAP 3.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these annual financial statements are set out below.

Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses have not been offset except when offsetting is required or permitted by a Standard of GRAP.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those used to present the previous year's financial statements, unless explicitly stated. The details of any changes in accounting policies are explained in the relevant policy and/or relevant note to the financial statements.

In terms of Directive 4: "Transitional Provisions for the Adoption of Standards of GRAP by Medium and Low Capacity Municipalities" and Directive 7: "The application of deemed cost on the adoption of Standards of GRAP" issued by the Accounting Standards Board, the Municipality has adopted the transitional provisions for the following GRAP Standards:

GRAP 12 - Inventories;GRAP 13 - Leases;GRAP 17 - Property, plant and equipment;GRAP 102 - Intangible assets.

1.2 PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These annual financial statements are presented in South African Rand, which is the functional currency of the municipality.

1.3 GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These annual financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the municipality will continue to operate as a going concern for at least the next 12 months.

The municipality cannot continue to operate without receiving government grants. However the going concern assumption is based on the fact that according to DoRA the municipality will continue to receive government grants for the next three years.

1.4 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

Budget information in accordance with GRAP 1, has been provided in an annexure to these financial statements and forms part of the audited annual financial statements.

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

1 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

1.4 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION (continued)

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

1.5 STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following GRAP standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the municipality:

GRAP 8 Interest in Joint Ventures - issued August 2006 GRAP 18 Segment Reporting - issued March 2005

GIAF To Segment Reporting - Issued March 2005

GRAP 21 Impairment of Non-cash generating Assets GRAP 23 Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions (Taxes and Transfers) - issued February 2008 GRAP 24 Presentation of Budget Information in Financial Statements - issued November 2007 GRAP 25 Employee benefits

GRAP 26 Impairment of Cash Generating Assets - issued March2009

GRAP 103 Heritage Assets - issued July 2008

GRAP 104 Financial Instruments

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the municipality:

IAS 19 Employee Benefits - effective 1 January 2009 IFRIC 17 Distribution of Non-cash Assets to Owners - effective 1 July 2009

There were no impending changes in accounting policy at year end.

2 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

2.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year. Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised as assets on acquisition date and are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

2 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued) 2.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION (continued)

When significant components of an item of property, plan and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Where an asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

2.2 SUBEQUENT MEASUREMENT - COST MODEL

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

Where the municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits associated with the asset.

2.3 DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated average asset lives:

Other

Buildings	30
Computer equipment	3 - 7
Other vehicles	5 - 7
Office equipment	3 - 7
Furniture and fittings	7 - 10

Finance lease assets

Office equipment	The shorter of asset's useful life or the lease term
Other assets	The shorter of asset's useful life or the lease term

The residual value, the useful life of an asset and the depreciation method is reviewed annually and any changes are recognised as a change in accounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance.

2 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

2.3 DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT (continued)

The municipality tests for impairment where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date. Where the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

2.4 DERECOGNITION

Items of Property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

3 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

3.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance. Examples include computer software, licences, and development costs. The municipality recognises an intangible asset in its Statement of Financial Position only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to strict recognition criteria before they are capitlised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

- the municipality intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale;
- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset;
- the municipality has the resources to complete the project; and
- it is probable that the municipality will receive future economic benefits or service potential.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Where an intangible asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a nonexchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an intangible asset is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

3.2 SUBEQUENT MEASUREMENT - COST MODEL

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amoritisation and impairments. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is subject to an annual impairment test.

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3 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

3.3 AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT

Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost of intangible assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated average asset lives:

Computer software	3 - 5 Years
Right to use land	The shorter of right to use land or useful life

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at each reporting date and any changes are recognised as a change in acounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The municipality tests intangible assets with finite useful lives for impairment where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date. Where the carrying amount of an item of an intangible asset is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

3.4 DERECOGNITION

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

4 INVENTORIES

4.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

Inventories comprise current assets (consumable stores) consumption or distribution during the ordinary course of business. Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition.

Where inventory is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of the item on the date acquired.

4.2 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

Inventories, consisting of consumable stores, are to be distributed at no or nominal charge and are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down in this way. Differences arising on the valuation of inventory are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year in which they arose. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

In general, the basis of allocating cost to inventory items is the first-in, first-out method.

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

5 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

5.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

Financial instruments are intitally recognised at fair value.

5.2 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

Financial Assets are categorised according to their nature as either financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, held-to maturity, loans and receivables, or available for sale. Financial liabilities are categorised as either at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities carried at amortised cost ("other"). The subsequent measurement of financial assets and liabilities depends on this categorisation and, in the absence of an approved GRAP Standard on Financial Instruments, is in accordance with IAS 39.

5.2.1 INVESTMENTS

Investments, which include listed government bonds, unlisted municipal bonds, fixed deposits and short-term deposits invested in registered commercial banks, are categorised as either held-to-maturity where the criteria for that categorisation are met, or as loans and receivables, and are measured at amortised cost. Where investments have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the period that the impairment is identified. Impairments are calculated as being the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the expected future cash flows flowing from the instrument. On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance.

5.2.2 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables are categorised as financial assets: loans and receivables and are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost. Amortised cost refers to the initial carrying amount, plus interest, less repayments and impairments. An estimate is made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at year-end. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. Impairments are determined by discounting expected future cash flows to their present value. Amounts that are receivable within 12 months from the reporting date are classified as current.

An impairment of trade receivables is accounted for by reducing the carrying amount of trade receivables through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance within operating expenses. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against operating expenses in the Statement of Financial Performance.

5.2.3 TRADE PAYABLES AND BORROWINGS

Financial liabilities consist of trade payables and borrowings. They are categorised as financial liabilities held at amortised cost, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost which is the initial carrying amount, less repayments, plus interest.

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

5 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

5.2 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT (continued)

5.2.4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash includes cash on hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks (including call deposits). Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible into known amounts of cash, that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held on call with banks, net of bank overdrafts. The municipality categorises cash and cash equivalents as financial assets: loans and receivables.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdraft are expensed as incurred. Amounts owing in respect of bank overdrafts are categorised as financial liabilities: other financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

6 FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

7 UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in the form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

8 IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No.32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act (Act No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's supply chain management policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

9 LEASES

9.1 MUNICIPALITY AS LESSEE

Leases are classified as finance leases where substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of an asset are transferred to the municipality. Property, plant and equipment or intangible assets subject to finance lease agreements are initially recognised at the lower of the asset's fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liabilities are initially recognised at the inception of the lease and are measured as the sum of the minimum lease payments due in terms of the lease agreement, discounted for the effect of interest. In discounting the lease payments, the municipality uses the interest rate that exactly discounts the lease payments and unguaranteed residual value to the fair value of the asset plus any direct costs incurred.

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

9 LEASES (continued)

9.1 MUNICIPALITY AS LESSEE (continued)

Subsequent to initial recognition, the leased assets are accounted for in accordance with the stated accounting policies applicable to property, plant, equipment or intangibles. The lease liability is reduced by the lease payments, which are allocated between the lease finance cost and the capital repayment using the effective interest rate method. Lease finance costs are expensed when incurred. The accounting policies relating to derecognition of financial instruments are applied to lease payables. The lease asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life or the lease term.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease rentals are accrued on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

9.2 MUNICIPALITY AS LESSOR

Under a finance lease, the municipality recognises the lease payments to be received in terms of a lease agreement as an asset (receivable). The receivable is calculated as the sum of all the minimum lease payments to be received, plus any unguaranteed residual accruing to the municipality, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. The receivable is reduced by the capital portion of the lease instalments received, with the interest portion being recognised as interest revenue on a time proportionate basis. The accounting policies relating to derecognition and impairment of financial instruments are applied to lease receivables.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

10 REVENUE

10.1 REVENUE FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the municipality directly in return for services rendered / goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis.

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant gazetted tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when substantially all the risks and rewards in those goods is passed to the consumer.

10.2 REVENUE FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the municipality received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the the related receipt or

receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

10 REVENUE (continued)

10.2 REVENUE FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Revenue from public contributions and donations is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and first becomes available for use by the municipality. Where public contributions have been received but the municipality has not met the related conditions, a deferred income (liability) is recognised.

Contributed property, plant and equipment is recognised when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and become available for use by the municipality.

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003) and is recognised when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain.

10.3 GRANTS, TRANSFERS AND DONATIONS

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. A corresponding liability is raised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant are met. Grants without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

11 RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The municipality provides retirement benefits for its employees and councillors. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are charged against revenue in the year they become payable. The defined benefit funds, which are administered on a provincial basis, are actuarially valued triennially on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits identified are recognised as a liability and are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on a proportional basis to all participating municipalities. Specific actuarial information in respect of individual participating municipalities is unavailable due to centralised administration of these funds. As a result, defined benefit plans have been accounted for as if they were defined contribution plans.

12 IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be

impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of the asset.

Irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, the municipality also:

- tests intangible assets with an indefinite useful life or intangible assets not yet available for use for impairment annually by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable amount. This impairment test is performed during the annual period and at the same time every period.

If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable service amount is estimated for the

individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable service amount of the individual asset, the

recoverable service amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined.

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

12 IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS (continued)

The recoverable service amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss.

An impairment loss of assets carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised

immediately in surplus or deficit. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease.

An impairment loss is recognised for cash-generating units if the recoverable service amount of the unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit. The impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets of the unit as follows:

- to the assets of the unit, pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

A municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for assets may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable service amounts of those assets are estimated.

The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.

A reversal of an impairment loss of assets carried at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit. Any reversal of an impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation increase.

	2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
1 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:		
Cash at bank	1 346 663	216 256
Cah on hand	82	-
Call deposits	11 431	1 666 444
Fixed deposits	5 031 973	4 130 717
	6 390 149	6 013 417
The Municipality has the following bank accounts: -		
Current Account (Primary Bank Account)		
ABSA Bank Limited - Brandwag Branch Account Number 4053628182		
Cash book balance at beginning of year	216 256	504 773
Cash book balance at end of year	1 346 663	216 256
Bank statement balance at beginning of year	216 506	512 487
Bank statement balance at end of year	1 347 005	216 506
Call deposits		
ABSA Bank Limited - Trompsburg branch Account number: Various		
Cash book balance at beginning of year	1 666 444	9 972 576
Cash book balance at end of year	11 431	1 666 444
Bank statement balance at beginning of year	1 666 444	9 972 576
Bank statement balance at end of year	11 431	1 666 444
Fixed Deposits		
First National Bank - Trompsburg branch		
Account number: Various Cash book balance at beginning of year	4 130 717	-
Cash book balance at end of year	5 031 973	4 130 717
Bank statement balance at beginning of year	4 130 717	<u> </u>
Bank statement balance at end of year	5 031 973	4 130 717
Cash on hand		
Total cash and cash equivalents	6 390 149	6 013 417

TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	Gross Balances	Provision for Impairment of Debtors	Net Balance
<u>Trade receivables</u> as at 30 June 2011	R	R	R
Building and facilities rental	2 228 008	(3 040)	2 224 968
Total	2 228 008	(3 040)	2 224 968
as at 30 June 2010			
Building and facilities rental	1 540 469	(679 115)	861 354
Total (restated)	1 540 469	(679 115)	861 354
		2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
Building and Facilities Rentals: Ageing			
Current (0 – 30 days)		418 222	106 137
31 - 60 Days		66 489	26 688
61 - 90 Days		53 183	25 970
91 - 120 Days 121 - 150 Days		29 922 29 922	25 844 25 781
151 - 180 Days		29 922 26 605	25 781
+ 180 Days		1 603 665	1 304 547
Total	-	2 228 008	1 540 469
Provision for impairment of debtors			
Balance at the beginning of the year (as previously stated)		679 116	332 946
Contributions to / (from) provision		(676 076)	346 170
Bad debts written off against provision		-	
Balance at the end of the year		3 040	679 116
No amounts were written off during the current and prior financia	al		
year. Debtors were disclosed at nominal value net of provision for doubtful debts.	or		
Summary of Debtors by Customer Classification		Industrial / Commercial	National, Provincial and Local Government
2011			
Current (0 – 30 days)		8 952	409 270
31 - 60 Days		19 965	46 524
61 - 90 Days		6 660	46 523

 31 - 60 Days
 19 965

 61 - 90 Days
 6 660

 91 - 120 Days
 6 660

 121 - 150 Days
 6 660

 151 - 180 Days
 6 660

 151 - 180 Days

 Sub-total
 52 242

 Less: Provision for doubtful debts

 Total debtors by customer classification
 52 242

23 262

23 262

23 260 1 603 665

2 175 766

2 172 726

(3040)

		2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
2	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE		
	TRANSACTIONS (continued)		National,
	Summary of Debtors by Customer Classification	Industrial / Commercial	Provincial and Local
	2010		Government
	2010 Current (0 – 30 days)	2 193	103 944
	31 - 60 Days	2 195 -	26 688
	61 - 90 Days	<u>-</u>	25 970
	91 - 120 Days	-	25 844
	121 - 150 Days	-	25 781
	151 - 180 Days	-	25 502
	+ 180 Days	200	1 304 347
	Sub-total	2 393	1 538 076
	Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(2 193)	(676 922)
	Total debtors by customer classification	200	861 154
	Trade and other receivables past due but not impaired		
	Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions which were past due where not impaired at year end due to the following:		
	Xhariep District Municipality is indebted to Kopanong Local		
	Municipality to an amount equal to impaired debt less the		
	subsequent receipts received.	1 298 016	861 154
3	SUNDRY RECEIVABLES		
	Other debtors	947 780	382 931
	Accrued income	5 176 340	3 376 030
	Prepayments	23 708	13 860
	Total Sundry Receivables	6 147 828	3 772 821
	Debtors were disclosed at nominal value net of provision for doubtful debts.		
4	INVENTORIES		
	Opening balance of inventories:		
	Consumable stores Additions:	-	-
	Consumable stores	-	-
	Issued (expensed):		
	Consumable stores	-	-
	Write-down to Net Replacement Value (NRV)		
	Consumable stores	-	-
	Closing balance of inventories:		
	Consumable stores	-	-
	Consumable stores of the municipality consist of the following:		
	- Stationery		

- Stationery

- Building cleaning material

- Other office supplies

	RESTATED
2011	2010
R	R

4 INVENTORIES (continued)

At year end the municipality did not have sufficient information to measure inventory used during the financial year and inventory on hand at year end. The Municipality will record inventory on the detailed inventory register with sufficient information to determine the value of inventory used during the financial year and the value of inventory on hand at year end. The Municipality has applied the measurement transitional provisions for inventory in Directive 4 of the Accounting Standards Board. As a result the Municipality has recognised inventory at R0 provisional amounts until all the necessary information regarding the value of the inventory is obtained.

	2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
5 NON-CURRENT RECEIVABLES		
Car loans	80 313	241 352
Less: Current portion transferred to current receivables	-	-
Less: Provision for impairment of debtors	(80 313)	(241 352)
Total	-	-
Provision for impairment of debtors		
Balance at the beginning of the year	241 351	222 713
Contributions to provision	6 310	18 638
Bad debts written off against provision	(167 348)	-
Balance at the end of the year	80 313	241 351

The car loan of Mr.P.Pitso was written off during the year in response to a resolution passed by Council in this regard.

Debtors were disclosed at nominal value net of provision for dad debts.

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

6.1 Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Building	Work in Progress	Other Assets	Finance lease assets	Total
	R	R	R	R	R
as at 1 July 2010	13 257 213	1 221 227	1 713 597	1 292 528	17 484 565
Cost	13 257 213	1 221 227	1 863 368	1 292 528	17 634 336
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	-	-	(149 771)	-	(149 771)
Acquisitions	1 948 526	733 291	2 927 745	-	5 609 562
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Carrying value of disposals	-	(1 954 518)	(828 006)	-	(2 782 524)
Cost/Revaluation	-	(1 954 518)	(828 006)	-	(2 782 524)
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment loss/Reversal of impairment loss	-	-	-	-	-
as at 30 June 2011	15 205 739	-	3 813 336	1 292 528	20 311 603
Cost/Revaluation	15 205 739	-	3 963 107	1 292 528	20 461 374
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	-	-	(149 771)	-	(149 771)

Refer to Appendix B for more details on property, plant and equipment

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

6.2 Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Building	Work in Progress	Other Assets	Finance lease assets	Total
	R	R	R	R	R
as at 1 July 2009	13 257 213	-	1 006 421	187 800	14 451 434
Cost	13 257 213	-	1 006 421	187 800	14 451 434
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisitions	-	1 221 227	1 032 888	1 104 728	3 358 843
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Carrying value of disposals	-	-	(175 941)	-	(175 941)
Cost/Revaluation	-	-	(175 941)	-	(175 941)
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment loss/Reversal of impairment loss	-	-	(149 771)	-	(149 771)
as at 30 June 2010	13 257 213	1 221 227	1 713 597	1 292 528	17 484 565
Cost/Revaluation	13 257 213	1 221 227	1 863 368	1 292 528	17 634 336
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	-	-	(149 771)	-	(149 771)

Refer to Appendix B for more details on property, plant and equipment

6 **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)**

6.2 Reconciliation of Carrying Value (continued)

The land on which the Administrative Building of Xhariep District Municipality is built is owned by Kopanong Local Municipality. As per the contract to use the land, certain events should take place before the land can be sold to Xhariep District Municipality. Refer to Appendix B for more details on property, plant and equipment.

6.3 Transitional provisions applied and progress made

Cost prices and purchase dates of most of the municipality's assets were not available at year end to calculate depreciation for the year (incl. backlog depreciation). However the municipality is in the process of obtaining market values to use as deemed cost prices in accordance with Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board. This process will be performed in-house and with the assistance of 'Valuators' where supporting documentation for the specific assets or similar assets cannot be obtained to assign a deemed cost in line with Directive 7. This information should be finalised within the next three financial years (measurement period).

The following quantities of assets were included in the Municipality's fixed asset register at R0 value and no acquisition dates respectively:

DESCRIPTION	R0 VALUE	NO PURCHASE DATES	TOTAL QUANTITIES
Buildings	-	-	1
Other assets (Note A)	665	528	891
Finance leased assets	-	-	30
TOTAL	665	528	922

Note A - Included in other assets are Motor Vehicles, Equipment, Furniture and Fittings and Computer Equipment.

As per the table above, there is still a lot of work to be done in the next two financial years.

The Municipality has applied the measurement transitional provisions of property, plant and equipment as included in Directive 4 of the Accounting Standards Board. As a result no depreciation (including accumulated depreciation) were recognised in the financial statements. Impairment expense was however recognised for all fixed assets that were broken down/outdated beyond the economical means of repair/upgrade and all fixed assets that were lost (stolen).

7 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

7.1	Reconciliation of carrying value	Right to use land	Computer Software	Total
		R	R	R
	as at 1 July 2010	-	540 176	540 176
	Cost	-	540 176	540 176
	Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses		-	-
	Acquisitions	-	-	-
	Amortisation	-	-	-
	Carrying value of disposals		-	-
	Cost	-	-	-
	Accumulated amortisation	-	-	-
	Impairment loss/Reversal of impairment loss	-	-	-
	as at 30 June 2011	-	540 176	540 176
	Cost	-	540 176	540 176
	Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	-	-	-
7.2	Reconciliation of carrying value			
	as at 1 July 2009	-	408 598	408 598
	Cost	-	408 598	408 598
	Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	-	-	-
	Acquisitions	-	131 578	131 578
	Amortisation	-	-	-
	Carrying value of disposals	-	-	-
	Cost	-	-	-
	Accumulated amortisation	-	-	-
	Impairment loss/Reversal of impairment loss	-	-	-
	as at 30 June 2010	-	540 176	540 176
	Cost	-	540 176	540 176
	Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	-		-

7 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

7.3 Transitional provisions applied and progress made

Cost prices and purchase dates of most of the municipality's assets were not available at year end to calculate depreciation/impairment expense for the year (incl. backlog depreciation). However the municipality is in the process of obtaining market values to use as deemed cost prices in accordance with Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board. This process will be performed in-house and with the assistance of 'Valuators' where supporting documentation for the specific assets or similar assets cannot be obtained to assign a deemed cost in line with Directive 7. This information should be finalised within the next three financial years (measurement period).

The following quantities of assets were included in the Municipality's fixed asset register at R0 value and no acquisition dates respectively:

DESCRIPTION	R0 VALUE	NO PURCHASE DATES	TOTAL QUANTITIES
Computer software	-	-	4
Right to use land	1	-	1
TOTAL	1	-	5

As per the table above, it is clear that great progress has been made and only one out of five intangibles assets still has to be valued.

The Municipality has applied the measurement transitional provisions for intangible assets as included in Directive 4 of the Accounting Standards Board. As a result no depreciation and impairment losses (including accumulated depreciation and impairments) were recognised in the financial statements.

		2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
8	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		
	Trade creditors	2 301 090	1 629 768
	Other creditors	373 712	352 685
	Staff leave accrual	1 147 211	804 532
	Staff bonuses accrual	546 767	440 573
	Audit fees accrual	-	955 800
	Accrued interest: Finance leases		20 467
	Total creditors	4 368 780	4 203 825
	The fair value of trade and other payables approximates their carrying amounts.		
9	VALUE ADDED TAX		
9.1	VAT RECEIVABLE		
	VAT receivable	1 916 270	1 111 531
	The Municipality is registered on the cash basis for VAT purposes.		
	This means that VAT is only declared once cash is received or actual payments are made.		
10	UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND RECEIPTS		
10.1	Unspent Conditional Grants from other spheres of Government	631 446	1 236 480
	Financial Management Grant	-	-
	Municipal Systems Implementation Grant	156 936	28 679
	Provincial Infrastructure Grant	474 510	1 207 801
10.2	Other Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts		
	THETHA Grant	36 080	36 080
	Total Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts	667 526	1 272 560
	See note 14 (and Appendix F) for reconciliation of grants from		

other spheres of government. The amounts will be recognised as revenue when the qualifying expenditure is incurred. No grants were withheld due to unfulfilled conditions.

FINANCE LEASE LIABILITY 11

FINANCE LEASE LIABILITY			Present value
2011	Minimum lease payment	Future finance charges	of minimum lease payments
Amounts payable under finance leases	R	R	R
Within one year	664 339	266 392	397 947
Within two to five years	432 356	70 067	362 289
	1 096 695	336 459	760 236
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current portion	1)		(397 947)
			362 289

The average lease term is 3 years and the average effective borrowing rate is 22.35%. Interest rates are fixed at the contract date. Some leases have fixed repayment terms and other escalate at 10%/15% per annum. No arrangements have been entered into for contingent rent. Obligations under finance leases are secured by the lessor's title to the leased asset.

			2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
11	FINANCE LEASE LIABILITY (continued)			
	2010	Minimum lease payment	Future finance charges	Present value of minimum lease payments
	Amounts payable under finance leases	R	R	R
	Within one year	607 223	352 706	254 517
	Within two to five years	1 096 651	336 458	760 193
		1 703 874	689 164	1 014 710
	Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current portion)		(254 517)
				760 193
	The average lease term is 3 years and the average effective			

borrowing rate is 22.35%. Interest rates are fixed at the contract date. Some leases have fixed repayment terms and other escalate at 10%/15% per annum. No arrangements have been entered into for contingent rent. Obligations under finance leases are secured by the lessor's title to the leased asset.

12 **RENTAL INCOME**

<u>2 281</u> 290 957	2 061
290 957	
230 337	224 661
11 961	71 640
166 392	796 020
201 486	56 853
3 071	2 951
382 910	927 464
	166 392 201 486

14 GAIN/(LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF ASSETS

Proceeds from sale of assets	778 504	238 545
Less book value of disposed assets	(823 724)	(175 942)
Cost price	(823 724)	(175 942)
Less accumulated depreciation	-	-
Gain/(Loss) on disposal of assets	(45 220)	62 603

Gain/(Loss) on disposal of assets

The Municipality has applied the measurement transitional provisions for property, plant and equipment as included in Directive 4 of the Accounting Standards Board. As a result no depreciation and impairment losses (including accumulated depreciation and impairments) were recognised in the financial statements.

Refer to note 6 and note 7 for further details and progress on the transitional provisions applied.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES 15

Unconditional Grants

Equitable share COGTA and Treasury Financial Assistance Grant

42 219 236 21 210 750 15 186 457 12 010 750 27 032 779 9 200 000

Municipal Systems Act of 2000.

		2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
15	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (continued)		
	Conditional Grants	2 355 034	3 613 709
	Financial Management Grant	1 000 000	1 000 000
	Municipal Systems Implementation Grant	621 743	780 350
	Provincial Infrastructure Grant	733 291	1 392 199
	THETHA Grant	-	441 160
	Total Government Grant and Subsidies	44 574 270	24 824 459
	No grants were withheld due to unfulfilled conditions.		
15.1	Equitable Share		
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	-
	Current year accrued	15 186 457	12 010 750
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(15 186 457)	(12 010 750)
	Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 10)	-	-
	Equitable share has no conditions and can be used to finance the capital and operating activities of the Municipality in line with the Municipality Budget.		
15.2	COGTA and Treasury Financial Assistance Grant		
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	-
	Current year receipts	27 032 779	9 200 000
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 10)	(27 032 779)	(9 200 000)
	The financial assistance grant has no conditions and can be used to finance the capital and operating activities of the Municipality in line with the Municipality Budget.		
15.3	Financial Management Grant (FMG)		
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	-
	Current year receipts	1 000 000	1 000 000
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue (operating expenditure)	(1 000 000)	(1 000 000)
	Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 10)	-	-
	The purpose of the grant is to promote and support reforms to financial management and implementation of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA)		
15.4	Municipal Systems Infrastructure Grant (MSIG)		
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	28 679	131 473
	Current year receipts	750 000	735 000
	Conditions not met - returned to National Treasury	-	(57 444)
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(621 743)	(780 350)
	Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 10)	156 936	28 679
	The purpose of the grant is to assist municipalitities in building in- house capacity to perform their functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems as required in the local Government Municipal Systems Act of 2000.		

		2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
15	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (continued)		
15.5	Provincial Infrastructure Grant (PIG)		
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	1 207 801	-
	Current year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	- (733 291)	2 600 000 (1 392 199)
	Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 10)	474 510	1 207 801
	The grant is used to subsidise municipal capital budget to eradicate backlogs in municipal infrastructure. The grant was specifically allocated for the completion of the sewerage treatment network which will later be transfered to Kopanong Local Municipalit at no cost.		
15.6	THETHA Grant		
	Balance unspent at beginning of year Current year receipts	36 080 -	90 240 387 000
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue	<u> </u>	(441 160)
	Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 10)	36 080	36 080
	Grant will be used for Capacity Building of the Municipality.		
15.7	Total Grants		
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	1 272 560	221 713
	Current year receipts	43 969 236	25 932 750
	Conditions not met - returned to National Treasury Conditions met - transferred to revenue	- (44 574 270)	(57 444) (24 824 459)
	Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 10)	<u></u>	1 272 560
15.8	Changes in levels of government grants Based on the allocations set out in the Division of Revenue Act,		
	no significant changes in the level of government grant funding are expected over the forthcoming 3 financial years.		
16	EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS		
	Employee related costs - Salaries and Wages	13 285 087	10 391 992
	Employee related costs - Contributions for UIF, pensions and medical aids	2 798 355	1 800 591
	Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence and other allowances	2 070 531	1 735 154
	Housing benefits and allowances Bonuses under remuneration	122 185 930 757	100 080 793 316
	Total Employee Related Costs	19 206 915	14 821 133
			14 021 100
	Remuneration of the Municipal Manager		
	Annual Remuneration	525 964	526 832
	Bonuses under remuneration Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence and other allowances	44 011 311 241	29 870 266 300
	Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	141 406	50 407
	Total	1 022 622	873 409
	Remuneration of the Chief Finance Officer	E00 205	151 005
	Annual Remuneration Bonuses under remuneration	502 305 41 834	454 985 37 915
	Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence and other allowances	366 787	198 400
	Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	9 524	7 994
	Total	920 450	699 294

		2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
16	EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS (continued)		
	Remuneration of the Corporate Director		
	Annual Remuneration	547 566	385 636
	Bonuses under remuneration	45 678	12 638
	Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence and other allowances	162 581	116 558
	Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds	24 965	11 100
	Total	780 790	525 932
	Remuneration of the Director: Planning and Development		
	Annual Remuneration	308 686	254 497
	Bonuses under remuneration	22 627	20 397
	Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence and other allowances	138 230	63 120
	Contributions to UIF Medical and Pension Funds	73 206	27 970
	Total	542 749	365 984
17	REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS		
	Mayor	577 526	588 321
	Speaker	504 356	466 452
	Mayoral Committee allowances	940 309	955 218
	Councillors' allowances	603 563	375 768
	Total Councillors' Remuneration	2 625 754	2 385 759
	In-kind Benefits		
	The Mayor and Speaker are full-time councillors. Each is provided		
	with an office and secretarial support at the cost of the Council.		

The salaries and allowances of the councillors are within the limits as prescribed by the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act, 1998 (No. 20 of 1998).

18 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

Property, plant and equipment	-	
Finance leased assets	-	
Intangible assets	-	
Total Depreciation and Amortisation	-	
Refer to note 6 and 7 for the measurement transitional provisions		

Refer to note 6 and 7 for the measurement transitional provisions applied regarding the mearsurement of Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

19 REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE

Furniture and equipment	248 597	167 026
Computer equipment	402 430	115 861
Building	1 233 773	1 488 141
Motor vehicles	105 013	149 504
Total repairs and maintenance	1 989 813	1 920 532

During the financial year, the municipality completed a major repair project on the administrative building disclosed in note 6 to the financial statements. This involved re-painting of the walls and major repairs to the roof of the building. However all these building repairs expenses were not capitalised as no improvements were done to the building, the asset (building) was only brought back to its original state.

			2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
20	FINANCE COSTS			
	Finance lease liabilities		323 133	114 575
	Other		133 912	7 171
	Total Finance Costs		457 045	121 746
21	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
21				
	Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise the following:			
	Favourable bank balances and cash		6 390 149	6 013 417
	Unfavourable bank balances		-	-
	Net cash and cash equivalents (net of bank overdrafts)		6 390 149	6 013 417
	Refer to note 1 for more details on cash and cash equivalents			
22	GENERAL EXPENSES			
	Included in general expenses are the following:-			
	Advertising		389 121	396 192
	Assets written off		-	149 771
	Audit fees		1 581 379	1 749 115
	Bank charges		37 908	33 243
	Bursaries		105 387	131 860
	Conferences and delegations		43 642	16 700
	Consulting fees		1 624 812	570 689
	Donations		1 963 018	528 447
	Disaster management		-	196 990
	Entertainment		397 811	414 473
	Fuel and oil		275 902	280 805
	Insurance		141 800	149 124
	Legal expenses		231 767	113 746
	Licence fees - vehicles		1 629	4 295
	Licence fees - computers		58 668	16 547
	Membership fees		166 770	-
	Operating grant expenditure	23	-	1 638 722
	Postage		7 898	4 706
	Printing and stationery		250 210	310 719
	Professional fees		-	57 088
	Security costs		4 277	8 068
	Telephone cost		743 218	702 354
	Training		882 982	315 893
	Travel and subsistence Water and electricity		2 544 021 83 256	1 521 325 66 138
			83 256 1 422 244	853 624
	Other expenses Website launch costs		200 000	000 024
	Total general expenditure		13 157 720	10 230 632
	i otai generai experiulture		13 137 720	10 230 032

		2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
23	OPERATING GRANT EXPENDITURE		
	Equitable Share	15 186 457	12 010 750
	COGTA Financial Assistance Grant	27 032 779	9 200 000
	Financial Management Grant	1 000 000	1 000 000
	Municipal Systems Implementation Grant	621 743	780 350
	Provincial Infrastructure Grant	733 291	1 392 199
	THETHA Grant	-	441 160
	Less grant expenses already included in operating expenses	(45 400 457)	(40.040.750)
	Equitable Share COGTA Financial Assistance Grant	(15 186 457)	(12 010 750)
		(27 032 779)	(9 200 000)
	Financial Management Grant Municipal Systems Implementation Grant	(1 000 000) (621 743)	(390 675) (74 953)
	Provincial Infrastructure Grant	(021 743)	(170 972)
	THETHA Grant	-	(117 160)
	Less capitalised grant expenses		(111 100)
	Provincial Infrastructure Grant	(733 291)	(1 221 227)
	Total operating grant expenditure		1 638 722
	Total operating grant experionale		1 030 722
24	CASH RECEIVED FROM CUSTOMERS, GOVERNMENT AND OTHERS		
	Total revenue	45 264 547	26 043 659
	Adjusted for items presented seperately:	40 204 047	20 040 000
	Gain on disposal of assets	(778 504)	(238 545)
	Interest earned	(382 910)	(927 464)
	Revenue before changes in working capital:	44 103 133	24 877 650
	Changes in working capital		
	(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	(1 363 614)	(20 102)
	(Increase)/decrease in sundry receivables	(1 698 931)	(803 338)
	(Increase)/decrease in VAT receivable	(804 739)	(886 287)
	Cash received from customers, government and others	40 235 849	23 167 923
25	CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS AND EMPLOYEES		
	Total expenditure	(36 822 864)	(29 844 611)
	Adjusted for items presented seperately:	(30 022 004)	(23 044 011)
	Assets written off	-	149 771
	Finance costs	457 045	121 746
	Loss on disposal of assets	45 220	-
	Expenditure before changes in working capital:	(36 320 599)	(29 573 094)
	Changes in working capital		
	Increase/(decrease) in conditional grants and receipts	(605 034)	1 050 847
	Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	164 955	2 280 747
	Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(36 760 678)	(26 241 500)
26	CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS		
	(Deficit)/Surplus for the year	8 441 683	(3 800 952)
	Adjustment for:-	0 111 000	(0 000 002)
	Assets written off		149 771
	Finance costs	457 045	121 746
	Bad Debts written back	679 116	-
	Donation of assets	1 954 518	-
	Gain on disposal of assets	(778 504)	(238 545)
	Interest earned	(382 910)	(927 464)
	Loss on disposal of assets	45 220	-
	Operating surplus before changes in working capital: carried forward	10 416 168	(4 695 444)

		2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
26	CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS (continued)		
	Operating surplus before changes in working capital: brought forward	10 416 168	(4 695 444)
	Changes in working capital		
	(Increase)/decrease in inventories	-	-
	(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	(1 363 614)	(20 192)
	(Increase)/decrease in sundry receivables	(1 698 931)	(803 338)
	(Increase)/decrease in VAT receivable	(804 739)	(886 287)
	Increase/(decrease) in conditional grants and receipts	(605 034)	1 050 847
	Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	164 955	2 280 747
	Cash generated by/(utilised in) operations	6 108 805	(3 073 667)

27 CORRECTION OF ERROR

The following errors were corrected in terms of GRAP 3:

Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

27.1 Leave Accrual misstated

The leave accrual was understated in the previous year. The

comparative statements for 2009/10 have been restated. The

effect of the restatement is summarised below:

The effect on the financial statements is as follows:	
Increase in leave accrual	26 754
Decrease in accumulated surplus (opening balance)	(26 754)

27.2 Trade and other payables

Various trade payables were misstated in the prior year. Reconciliations were performed in the current financial year and resulted in the change in the balance payable to these trade payables.

The effect on the financial statements is as follows:	
Decrease in trade and other payables	
Increase in accumulated surplus (opening balance)	

27.3 Accrued income

Accrued income was understated in the previous year. The comparative statements for 2009/10 have been restated. The effect of the restatement is summarised below:

The effect on the financial statements is as follows:

Increase in accrued income	91
Increase in interest income	(91)

(85 967) 85 967

		2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
28	UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE DISALLOWED		
28.1	Unauthorised expenditure		
	Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure		
	Opening balance	2 934 185	462 781
	Unauthorised expenditure current year	3 663 308	2 934 185
	Approved by Council or condoned		
	- Prior year	-	(462 781)
	- Current year	-	-
	Transfer to receivables for recovery	6 597 493	2 934 185
	Unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation	6 597 495	2 934 105
	The unauthorised expenditure relates to the unbudgeted expenditure during the financial year.		
	Full report is to be given to Council for condoment at the next		
	possible Council meeting.		
28.2	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure		
	Reconciliation of fruitless and wasteful expenditure		
	Opening balance -	6 754	-
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure current year	45 890	6 754
	Condoned or written off by Council	-	-
	To be recovered – contingent asset Fruitless and wasteful expenditure awaiting condonement	52 644	6 754
		52 044	0734
	The municipality early redeemed a fixed deposit during the financial year and forfeited interest income amounting to R45,890.00		

No disciplinary proceedings have been instituted as this was an operational matter.

		2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
	UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL		
28	EXPENDITURE DISALLOWED (continued)		
28.3	Irregular expenditure		
	Reconciliation of irregular expenditure	1 281 768	449 104
	Opening balance Irregular expenditure current year	5 734 396	1 803 550
	Condoned or written off by Council	3734 390	1 003 330
	- Prior year		(300 904)
	- Current year	-	(669 982)
	Transfer to receivables for recovery – not condoned	-	- (000 002)
	Irregular expenditure awaiting condonement	7 016 164	1 281 768
	The breakdown of the above expenditure is as follows:		
	- Tax clearance certificates not obtained as per SCM policy	210 297	-
	- Sufficient quotations obtained but lowest not appointed	-	13 550
	 Tender process not followed as required by SCM policy 	3 863 016	1 083 023
	- Insufficient quatations obtained as required by SCM policy	1 661 083	656 432
	 Remuneration above upper limits determined by SALGA 		50 545
	Total irregular expenditure	5 734 396	1 803 550
	The irregular expenditure is still under investigation.		
29	ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MFMA		
29.1	Contributions to organised local government		
	Opening balance	-	12 500
	Council subscriptions	152 829	120 000
	Amount paid - current	(120 000)	(12 500)
	Amount paid - previous years		(120 000)
	Balance unpaid (included in payables)	32 829	-
29.2	Audit fees		
	Opening balance	955 800	102 993
	Current year audit fee	1 885 755	1 749 115
	Amount paid - current year	-	(793 315)
	Amount paid - previous years	(2 472 222)	(102 993)
	Balance unpaid (included in payables)	369 333	955 800
29.3	VAT		
	Opening balance	1 111 531	266 132
	Movement in control account	1 261 291	1 554 647
	VAT received/(paid) during the year	(456 552)	(709 248)
	VAT receivable/(payable) at year end VAT input receivables is shown in note 9.	1 916 270	1 111 531
29.4	PAYE and UIF Opening balance	225 137	150 243
	Current year payroll deductions	3 601 968	2 514 362
	Amount paid - current year	(3 269 088)	(2 289 225)
	Amount paid - previous years	(3 209 000) (225 137)	(150 243)
	Balance unpaid (included in payables)	332 880	225 137
	Payments for the June 2011 month were made in July 2011		

	ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL	2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
29	FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT (continued)		
29.5	Pension and Medical Aid Deductions		
	Opening balance	(40 317)	-
	Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions	1 824 223	3 039 074
	Amount paid - current year	(1 774 533)	(3 079 392)
	Amount paid - previous years	-	-
	Balance unpaid (included in payables)	9 373	(40 317)
	Payments for the June 2011 month were made in July 2011		

29.6 Municipal bank accounts

Refer to note 1 to the financial statement for the additional disclosures as required by S.125(2)(a) of the MFMA in respect of each bank account held by the municipality during the financial year.

29.7 Municipal investment accounts

Refer to note 1 to the financial statements for the additional disclosures as required by S.125(2)(a) of the MFMA in respect of each investments held by the municipality during the financial year. For the current and prior financial year, the municipality only invested in call account and fixed deposits. These are classified as part of cash and cash equivalents as per the municipality's accounting policy.

29.8 Councillor's arrear consumer accounts

The Municipality had no Councillor's arrear consumer accounts at the reporting date.

Non-Compliance with Chapter 11 of the Municipal Finance 29.9 Management Act

The municipality has assessed compliance with Chapter 11 of the MFMA and identified non-compliances as stated in note 30.3 to the financial statements.

30 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

30.1 Commitments in respect of capital expenditure

- Approved and contracted for		
Other assets	-	2 217 625
- Approved but not yet contracted for		
Other assets	-	658 053
Total capital commitments	-	2 875 678
This expenditure will be financed from:		
This expenditure will be financed from: - Government Grants		1 234 935
·	= 	1 234 935 1 640 743

		2011	RESTATED 2010
		R	R
30.2	Operating leases		
	Operating leases – as lessor		
	Minimum lease payments due		
	Within one year	-	279 140
	In second to fifth year inclusive	-	-
	After five years	-	-
	Total	-	279 140
	Operating leases consists of the following:		
	A portion of the Municipality's building is held to generate rental		

income. At year end the rental contracts for the 2011/2012 financial year had not yet been concluded.

31 RETIREMENT BENEFIT INFORMATION

31.1 Defined contribution plan

Xhariep District Municipality and its employees contribute to various funds which provide benefits to such employees. The retirement benefit plan is subject to the Pension Funds Act of 1956, with pensions being calculated on the final pensionable remeneration paid. Current contributions are charged against operating income. No actuarial information was available for the funds listed below on the preparation of financial statements

31.1 Defined contribution plan (continued)

The employees of the Council as well as the Council as

employer, contribute to Municipal Pension, Retirement and

various Provident Funds as listed below:

- Free State Municipal Pension Fund
- SAMWU National Provident Fund
- Municipal Employees Pension Fund
- South African Local Authorities Pension Fund

32 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The Municipality had no contingent liabilities at the reporting date.

33 CONTINGENT ASSET

The Municipality had no contingent assets at the reporting date.

34 IN-KIND DONATIONS AND ASSISTANCE

The Municipality did not receive any in-kind donations and assistance during the current financial year.

35 RELATED PARTIES

Post employment benefit plan for employees of municipality and/or other related parties. Refer to note 33 for the details. Compensation to Councillors and other key management (refer to note 16 & 17).

		2011 R	RESTATED 2010 R
36	EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE		
	At the time of preparing and submitting the Annual Financial Statements there were no subsequent events to disclose.		
37	KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION, UNCERTAINTY AND JUDGEMENTS		
	The following areas involve a significant degree of estimation uncertainty:		
	Provision for doubtful debts Depreciation and impairment of assets	83 353 -	920 467 -
	Based on existing knowledge, it is reasonably possible that		
	outcomes within the next financial year that are different from		
	assumptions made could require a material adjustment to the		
	carrying amount of these assets or liabilities.		
38	RISK MANAGEMENT		
38.1	Maximum credit risk exposure		
	Credit risk consists mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents and		
	trade and other receivables. The municipality only deposits cash		
	with major banks with high quality credit standing and limits		
	exposure to any one counter-party.		
	Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year end were as follows:		
	- ABSA Bank: Current Account	1 346 663	216 256
	- First National Bank: Call Deposits	11 431	1 666 444
	- First National Bank: Fixed Deposits	5 031 973	4 130 717
	- ABSA Bank: Credit Cards - Trade and other receivables	(8 691) 2 224 968	(14 104) 861 354
	These balances represent the maximum exposure to credit risk.	2 224 300	001 004

38.2 Liquidity risk

The municipality's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The municipality manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

Cash flow forecasts are prepared and adequate utilised borrowing facilities are monitored.

38.3 Interest rate risk

The municipality's interest rate risk arises from finance lease liabilities, credit cards & investments. These are issued at variable rates and expose the Municipality to cash flow interest rate risk. Financial instruments that are issued at fixed rates expose the

municipality to fair value interest rate risk.

At year end, financial instruments exposed to interest rate risk were as follows:

- ABSA Bank: Current Account	1 346 663	216 256
- First National Bank: Call Deposits	11 431	1 666 444
- First National Bank: Fixed Deposits	5 031 973	4 130 717
- ABSA Bank: Credit Card	(8 691)	(14 104)
- Finance Lease Liabilities	(760 236)	(1 014 709)

38.4 Other price risk

The municipality has no exposure to changes in price risk.

39 COMPARISON WITH THE BUDGET

The comparison of the Municipality's actual financial performance with that budgeted is set out in Appendix E.

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL LOANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

APPENDIX A

EXTERNAL LOANS	Loan number	Redeemable Date	Balance at 30 June 2010 R	Received during the period R	Redeemed / written off during the period R	Balance at 30 June 2011 R	Cost Price of Property, Plant & Equipment R	Asset Capitalised	Depreciation Period	Other Costs in accordance with MFMA R
LONG-TERM LOANS			ĸ	ĸ	ĸ	ĸ	ĸ			ĸ
None	N/A	N/A	-	-	-	-	-	-	N/A	-
TOTAL EXTERNAL LOANS			-	-	-	-	-			-

Xhariep District Municipality had no external loans as at 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2010 respectively.

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

APPENDIX B

ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AS AT 30 JUNE 2011

		(Cost / Revaluat	ion			Accı	umulated Depre	ciation			
	Opening Balance	Additions	Disposals	Revaluations	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Depreciation	Disposals	Impairment loss/Reversal of impairment loss	Closing Balance	Transfers	Carrying Value
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
LAND AND BUILDINGS												
Land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building	13 257 213	1 948 526	-	-	15 205 739	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 205 739
	13 257 213	1 948 526	-	-	15 205 739	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 205 739
OTHER ASSETS												
Furniture and equipment	349 567	255 996	-	-	605 563	(5635)	-	-	-	(5635)	-	599 928
Computer Equipment	998 768	572 543	-	-	1 571 311	(144 136)	-	-	-	(144 136)	-	1 427 175
Motor vehicles	459 639	1 670 528	(819 506)	-	1 310 661	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 310 661
Office Equipment	55 394	428 678	(8 500)	-	475 572	-	-	-	-	-	-	475 572
	1 863 368	2 927 745	(828 006)	-	3 963 107	(149 771)	-	-	-	(149 771)	-	3 813 336
WORK IN PROGRESS												
Sewerage construction	1 221 227	733 291	(1 954 518)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1 221 227	733 291	(1 954 518)	-	-	-	-	-		•	-	-
FINANCE LEASE ASSETS												
Office Equipment	1 292 527	-	-	-	1 292 527	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 292 527
	1 292 527	-	-	-	1 292 527	-	•	-	-	-	-	1 292 527
TOTAL	17 634 335	5 609 562	(2 782 524)	-	20 461 373	(149 771)	-	-	-	(149 771)	-	20 311 602

ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

APPENDIX B (continued)

ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AS AT 30 JUNE 2010

		C	Cost / Revaluat	ion			Accu	umulated Depre	ciation			
	Opening Balance	Additions	Disposals	Revaluations	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Depreciation	Disposals	Impairment loss/Reversal of impairment loss	Closing Balance	Transfers	Carrying Value
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
LAND AND BUILDINGS												
Land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building	13 257 213	-	-	-	13 257 213	-	-	-	-	-	-	13 257 213
	13 257 213	-	-	-	13 257 213	-	-	-	-	-	-	13 257 213
OTHER ASSETS												
Furniture and equipment	239 868	109 699	-	-	349 567	-	-	-	(5 635)	(5635)	-	343 932
Computer Equipment	422 670	596 932	(20 834)	-	998 768	-	-	-	(144 136)	(144 136)	-	854 632
Motor vehicles	317 693	297 053	(155 107)	-	459 639	-	-	-	-	-	-	459 639
Office Equipment	26 190	29 204	-	-	55 394	-	-	-	-	-	-	55 394
	1 006 421	1 032 888	(175 941)	•	1 863 368	-	-	-	(149 771)	(149 771)	-	1 713 597
WORK IN PROGRESS												
Sewerage construction	-	1 221 227	-	-	1 221 227	-	-	-	-		-	1 221 227
	-	1 221 227	-	•	1 221 227	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 221 227
FINANCE LEASE ASSETS												
Office Equipment	187 800	1 104 728	-	-	1 292 527	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 292 527
	187 800	1 104 728	-	-	1 292 527	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 292 527
TOTAL	14 451 434	3 358 843	(175 941)	-	17 634 335	-	-	-	(149 771)	(149 771)	-	17 484 564

APPENDIX C

SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AS AT 30 JUNE 2011

			Cost / Reva	luation					Accumulated D	epreciation			
							Opening					Closing	
Description	Opening Balance	Additions	Revaluations	Transfers	Disposals	Closing Balance	Balance	Depreciation	Impairment	Transfers	Disposals	Balance	Carrying value
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Council	216 172	-	-	-	-	216 172	-	-	-	-	-	-	216 172
Municipal Manager	48 797	-	-	-	-	48 797	-	-	-	-	-	-	48 797
Budget and Treasury	17 062 079	5 609 562	-	-	(2 782 524)	19 889 117	(149771)	-	-	-	-	(149 771)	19 739 346
Corporate	307 287	-	-	-	-	307 287	-	-	-	-	-	-	307 287
Planning and Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	17 634 335	5 609 562	-	-	(2 782 524)	20 461 373	(149 771)	-	-	-	-	(149 771)	20 311 602

SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AS AT 30 JUNE 2010

			Cost / Rev	aluation					Accumulated De	preciation			
							Opening					Closing	
Description	Opening Balance	Additions	Revaluations	Transfers	Disposals	Closing Balance	Balance	Depreciation	Impairment	Transfers	Disposals	Balance	Carrying value
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Council	216 172	-	-			216 172	-	-	. <u>-</u>	-	-		216 172
Municipal Manager	48 797	-	-			48 797	-	-	-	-	-	-	48 797
Budget and Treasury	13 879 177	3 358 843	-	-	· (175 941)	17 062 079	-	-	(149 771)	-	-	(149771)	16 912 308
Corporate	307 287	-	-			307 287	-	-	-	-	-	-	307 287
Planning and Development	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	14 451 433	3 358 843	-	-	(175 941)	17 634 335			(149 771)	-	-	(149 771)	17 484 564

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

APPENDIX D

2010 Actual Income R	2010 Actual Expenditure R	2010 Surplus/ (Deficit) R		2010 Actual Income R	2010 Actual Expenditure R	2010 Surplus/ (Deficit) R
-	4 376 356	(4 376 356)	Council General	4 989 925	4 199 001	790 924
11 129	4 653 407	(4 642 278)	Municipal Manager	5 541 886	5 428 527	113 359
24 577 729	8 025 369	16 552 360	Budget and Treasury	9 386 923	5 736 045	3 650 878
62 602	9 575 502	(9 512 900)	Corporate Services	16 784 689	12 396 439	4 388 250
1 392 199	3 213 977	(1 821 778)	Planning and Development	8 561 124	9 062 852	(501 728)
26 043 659	29 844 611	(3 800 952)	TOTAL	45 264 547	36 822 864	8 441 683

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY ACTUAL VERSUS BUDGET (REVENUE & EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

APPENDIX E1	Accrual Basis	Modified Cash Basis				
	Actual 2011	Reverse non- cash items	Actual Expenses 2011	Budget 2011	Variance	Variance Explanation of significant variances greater than 10% versus budget
	R	R	R	R	R	%
REVENUE						
Rental income	290 957	-	290 957	281 444	(9 513)	Rental revenue includes small rentals of the side halls. These were not utilised -3.38% more than expected during the year. An increase due to improved controls with regards to revenue and investments.
Interest earned	382 910	(19 082)	363 828	163 257	(200 571)	-122.86%
Government grants and subsidies	44 574 270	(1 814 250)	42 760 020	43 427 339	667 319	Actuals include prior year grants for which conditions were met in current year, 1.54% i.e. roll-overs. Other income includes sale of tender fees. In general, far less tenderers tendered
Other income	16 410	-	16 410	256 934	240 524	93.61% than expected numbers.
TOTAL REVENUE	45 264 547	(1 833 332)	43 431 215	44 128 974	697 759	
EXPENDITURE BY NATURE						Mainly due to travelling and subsistence allowances being classified under
Employee related costs	19 206 915	(475 626)	18 731 289	21 655 337	2 924 048	13.50% general expenditure.
Remuneration of Councillors	2 625 754	-	2 625 754	2 512 475	(113 279)	-4.51% Insignificant variance (below 10%) and accepted by management.
Bad debts and impairment of debtors provision	(659 603)	659 603	-	-	-	0.00% Not applicable
Depreciation and amortisation expense	-	-	-	-	-	0.00% Not applicable
Loss on disposal of assets	45 220	-	-	-	-	0.00% The loss on disposal of assets was not budgeted for during the year.
Repairs and maintenance	1 989 813	-	1 989 813	4 027 764	2 037 951	Mainly due to the capitilising of items seen as repairs and maintenance during the 50.60% budget process but at financial statement preparation treated as Capex. Due to GRAP conversion process that commenced at year end, the municipality
						had to recognise the finance lease expenditure in respect of the finance leases.
						These were not budgeted for as these were only quantified during the GRAP
Finance costs	457 045	-	457 045	964 696	507 651	52.62% conversion that started after the budget was approved by council. All Finance Lease payments were budgeted for as General Expenses. With the GRAP conversion adjustments, General Expenses were reduced and reallocated
General expenses	13 157 720	-	13 157 720	13 642 459	484 739	3.55% to Finance Lease Liabilities and Finance Costs.
Total operating expenditure by nature	36 822 864	183 977	36 961 621	42 802 731	5 841 110	
Capital expenditure	4 876 271	-	4 876 271	1 326 242	(3 550 029)	Mainly due to the capitilising of items seen as repairs and maintenance during the -267.68% budget process but at financial statement preparation treated as Capex.
Total expenditure by nature	41 699 135	183 977	41 837 892	44 128 973	2 291 081	
Grants and subsidies received GRAP adjustment	1 814 250					
Accrued Interest	19 082					
Bad debts and impairment of debtors provision	(659 603)					
Employee related costs	475 626	1				
Leave accrual movement	369 432					
Bonus accrual movement	106 194	1				

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY ACTUAL VERSUS BUDGET (CAPITAL EXPENDITURE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

APPENDIX E1 (continued)

	Accrual Basis	Modified Cash Basis				
DESCRIPTION	Actual 2011	Reverse non- cash items	Actual Expenses 2011	Budget 2011	Variance	Variance Explanation of significant variances greater than 10% versus budget
	R	R	R	R	R	%
EXPENDITURE BY DEPARTMENT						
Council General	4 199 001	-	4 199 001	4 511 594	312 593	7% Insignificant and Accepted. Less spending due to delays in fully implementing certain functions like the Risk
Municipal Manager	5 428 527	-	5 428 527	6 140 332	711 805	12% office that were budgeted for.
Budget and Treasury	5 736 045	659 603	6 395 648	7 851 797	1 456 149	19% Underspending due to savings on the employement related costs. Less spending due to delays in fully implementing certain functions like filling of
Corporate Services	12 396 439	(475 626)	11 920 813	14 699 447	2 778 634	19% vacant posts and renovations.
Planning and Development	9 062 852	-	9 062 852	9 599 561	536 709	6% Insignificant and Accepted.
Total expenditure by department	36 822 864	183 977	37 006 841	42 802 731	5 795 890	

APPENDIX E2

	Accrual Basis		Cash Basis	Cash Basis		
DESCRIPTION	Actual 2011	Reverse non cash items	Actual Expenses 2011	Budget 2011	Variance	Variance Explanation of significant variances greater than 10% versus budget
	R	R	R	R	R	%
Building	1 948 526	-	1 948 526	140 000	(1 808 526)	GRAP related items viewed as Capex at financial statement date but considered -1292% as repairs and maintenance at budget preparation stage.
Furniture and equipment	255 996	-	255 996	296 242	40 246	GRAP related items viewed as Capex at financial statement date but considered 14% as repairs and maintenance at budget preparation stage. GRAP related items viewed as Capex at financial statement date but considered
Computer Equipment	572 543	-	572 543	70 000	(502 543)	-718% as repairs and maintenance at budget preparation stage. GRAP related items viewed as Capex at financial statement date but considered
Motor vehicles	1 670 528	-	1 670 528	820 000	(850 528)	-104% as repairs and maintenance at budget preparation stage. GRAP related items viewed as Capex at financial statement date but considered
Office Equipment	428 678	-	428 678	-	(428 678)	-100% as repairs and maintenance at budget preparation stage.
Total capital expenditure	4 876 271	-	4 876 271	1 326 242	(3 550 029)	

XHARIEP DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY DISCLOSURE OF GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES IN TERMS OF SECTION 123 OF MFMA, 56 OF 2003 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

APPENDIX E

GRANT DESCRIPTION	Balance as at 1 July 2010	Other Adjustments	Current year receipts	Operating expenditure during the year (Transferred to revenue)	Capital expenditure during the year (Transferred to revenue)	Balance as at 30 June 2011
	R	R	R	R	R	R
Provincial Government Grants						
COGTA Financial Assistance Grant	-	-	27 032 779	(27 032 779)	-	-
Provincial Treasury Grant	-	-	-	-	-	-
Provincial Infrastructure Grant	1 207 801	-	-	-	(733 291)	474 510
National Government Grants						
Equitable share	-	-	15 186 457	(15 186 457)	-	-
Financial Management Grant	-	-	1 000 000	(1 000 000)	-	-
MSIG Grant	28 679	-	750 000	(621 743)	-	156 936
Other Grants and Subsidies						
THETHA Grant	36 080	-	-	-	-	36 080
TOTAL	1 272 560	-	43 969 236	(43 840 979)	(733 291)	667 526